Biology Curriculum Intent

The Biology curriculum aims to capture and extend our students' natural curiosity about scientific principles. We build upon the national curriculum by providing a bespoke scheme of work which is designed to challenge our highly-academic students and provide them with the knowledge to excel at GCSE and beyond. We place a large focus on building the skills that all scientists need, including investigative skills; an awareness of ethics and safety; an analytical mind set and an ability to apply knowledge to unfamiliar contexts. We are driven to make scientists who are inclusive and capable of interdisciplinary collaboration on a global scale. Our curriculum encourages and facilitates further studies or potential careers in the subject, whilst empowering students to have a greater appreciation and awareness of Biology related issues.

By the end of Key Stage 4 our students will know:		By the end of Key Stage 5 our students will know:
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	The key concepts of Biology including cell structure, enzyme theory, molecule transport and food science. How cells specialise and work together as tissues and organs. What it means to be healthy and how pathogens are transmitted and combatted by the immune system. The process of cell division and the key aspects of inheritance. The theory of natural selection and evolution and how this can be manipulated in biotechnology. Plant structure and how this relates to functions such as photosynthesis. How the body responds to its environment and maintains constant internal conditions. The main ideas of ecology to include energy transfers in ecosystems, biodiversity and nutrient cycles. How important molecules are exchanged and transported in the body to include the structure and function of the heart and the fundamental process of respiration.	 The structure and function of the cardiovascular system and that specific lifestyle factors can lead to cardiovascular disease. The biology behind the causes, symptoms and treatments for cystic fibrosis. The structure of different cells and their organelles and how cells divide. That biodiversity can be measured, change over time and be used to make a more sustainable world. How energy is transferred through ecosystems and how imbalances can lead to global warming. How Biology is applied in forensic science. About microorganisms and how the human body is able to combat them via natural and medicinal means. The influence that Biology has on sport. How to plan, implement, analyse and evaluate biological experiments.

At WHSG our curriculum intent is ambitious but always inclusive, composed of powerful knowledge and cultural capital, coherent and well-sequenced, and broad only specialising when necessary